

Grade 6 - Term 1
Questions and answers

Please note:

This is a **summary** of what is being learnt during the term.
Please feel free to look at your child's book and dictionary for more detail.

UWilliam:	Molo, unjani wena?	(Hello, how are you?)
UStan:	Molo, ndisaphila enkosi, wena?	(Hello, I am fine thank-you, and you?)
UWilliam:	Ndiphilile. Ngubani igama lakho?	(I am fine. What is your name?)
UStan:	Igama lam nguStan. Ngubani ifani yakho?	(My name is Stan. What is your surname?)
UWilliam:	Ifani yam nguBennet. Uhlala phi?	(My surname is Bennet. (Where do you live?)
UStan:	Ndihlala eKapa eTokai kwanamba 5 Susan Way. Uhlala nabani ekhaya?	(I live in Cape Town in Tokai at number 5 Susan Way. Who do you live with?)
UWilliam:	Ndihlala notata nomama wam, wena?	(I live with my dad and mom, and you?)
UStan:	Ndihlala nomama noosisi bam. Ufunda phi?	(I live with my mom and sisters. (Where do you go to school?)
UWilliam:	Ndifunda eSVPS. Hamba kakuhle.	(I study at SVPS. Go well.)
UStan:	Sala kakuhle.	(Stay well)

Imbonakalo

(appearance)

Ndiyintombi.	(I am a girl)	Ndiyinkwenkwe.	(I am a boy)
Ndimde.	(I am tall.)	Ndimfutshane.	(I am short.)
Ndiphakathi.	(I am of average height.)		
Iinwele zam zintsundu/zimnyama/zigwangqa/zibomvu.	(My hair is brown/ black/ blonde/ red)		
Amehlo am ablowu/aluhlaza/antsundu.	(My eyes are blue/green/brown.)		

Imvakalelo

(feelings)

Ndidanile	(I am disappointed)	Ndidikiwe	(I am irritated / fed-up)
Ndiyoyika	(I am scared / afraid)	Ndiyavuya	(I am happy)
Ndilusizi	(I am sad)	Ndidiniwe	(I am tired)
Ndinomona	(I am jealous)	Ndikhathazekile	(I am worried)
Ndinomsindo	(I am angry)	Ndineqhayiya	(I am proud)

Personal Pronouns

Please refer to your child's Xhosa book.

Ndi-	(I)	Andi-	(I do not)	U-	(You)	Aku-	(You do not)
Si-	(We)	Asi-	(We do not)	Ba-	(They)	Aba-	(They do not)
Ni-	(You all)	Ani-	(You all do not)				

Some examples:	Sifunda eSVPS.	(We study at SVPS.)
	Asifundi eBergvliet Primary.	(We do not study at Bergvliet Primary.)
	Ndidlala iragbhi nesoka.	(I play rugby and soccer.)
	Andidlali 'hoki.	(I do not play hockey.)

Igadi

(Garden)

Nouns

umthi/imithi	(tree/trees)	intaka/iintaka	(bird/birds)	ingca	(grass)
amafu	(clouds)	umhlaba	(soil/earth)	iharika	(rake)
isityalo/izityalo	(plant/plants)	umhlakulo	(spade)	ikiliva	(wheelbarrow)
ithumbu legadi	(hose pipe)	intyatyambo/iintyatyambo	(flower/flowers)		

Verbs

sika	(cut – flowers)	cheba	(cut – grass)
kha	(pick)	nkcenkceshela	(water)
grumba	(dig)		

Possessive (Saying your or my) **am = my, akho = your, akhe = his/her**

amehlo am / akho / akhe	<i>(My / your / his, her eyes)</i>
isisu sam / sakho / sakhe	<i>(My / your / his, her stomach)</i>
izandla zam / zakho / zakhe	<i>(My / your / his, her hands)</i>
intloko yam / yakho / yakhe	<i>(My / your / his, her head)</i>
umama wam / wakho / wakhe	<i>(My / your / his, her mother)</i>

Recap “have”

-Na- (have)

Add na- within the noun (something before and after it)

For example: Unekhofu?	<i>(Do you have coffee?)</i>
U + na + ikhofu	
Ewe, ndinekhofu.	<i>(Yes, I do have coffee.)</i>
Unobisi?	<i>(Do you have milk?)</i>
U + na + ubisi	
Ewe, ndinobisi.	<i>(Yes, I do have milk.)</i>

Recap Umzimba

	<i>(body)</i>		
intloko	<i>(head)</i>	ubuso	<i>(face)</i>
iliso	<i>(eye)</i>	amehlo	<i>(eyes)</i>
impumlo	<i>(nose)</i>	umlomo	<i>(mouth)</i>
indelbe	<i>(ear)</i>	iindlebe	<i>(ears)</i>
ingalo	<i>(arm)</i>	iingalo	<i>(arms)</i>
umlenze	<i>(leg)</i>	imilenze	<i>(legs)</i>
unyawo	<i>(foot)</i>	iinyawo	<i>(feet)</i>
isandla	<i>(hand)</i>	izandla	<i>(hands)</i>
umnwe	<i>(finger)</i>	iminwe	<i>(fingers)</i>
isisu	<i>(tummy)</i>	umqala	<i>(throat)</i>